



## Niagara Falls Hosta

*Hosta 'Niagara Falls'*

Plant Height: 30 inches

Flower Height: 4 feet

Spread: 3 feet

Spacing: 30 inches

Sunlight: ● ●

Hardiness Zone: 3a

Other Names: Plantain Lily, Funkia

### Description:

This hosta features huge dark green leaves that have an attractive pie crust edge and deeply impressed veins; provides beautiful texture and contrast to other plants; very pale lavender spikes of flowers in mid-summer

### Ornamental Features

Niagara Falls Hosta features dainty spikes of lavender tubular flowers with white overtones rising above the foliage in mid summer. Its attractive large textured heart-shaped leaves remain dark green in colour throughout the season.

### Landscape Attributes

Niagara Falls Hosta is a dense herbaceous perennial with tall flower stalks held atop a low mound of foliage. Its relatively coarse texture can be used to stand it apart from other garden plants with finer foliage.

This is a relatively low maintenance plant, and is best cleaned up in early spring before it resumes active growth for the season. Gardeners should be aware of the following characteristic(s) that may warrant special consideration;

- Insects

Niagara Falls Hosta is recommended for the following landscape applications;

- Mass Planting
- Border Edging
- General Garden Use
- Groundcover



*Niagara Falls Hosta foliage*  
Photo courtesy of NetPS Plant Finder

### **Planting & Growing**

Niagara Falls Hosta will grow to be about 30 inches tall at maturity extending to 4 feet tall with the flowers, with a spread of 3 feet. When grown in masses or used as a bedding plant, individual plants should be spaced approximately 30 inches apart. Its foliage tends to remain dense right to the ground, not requiring facer plants in front. It grows at a slow rate, and under ideal conditions can be expected to live for approximately 10 years. As an herbaceous perennial, this plant will usually die back to the crown each winter, and will regrow from the base each spring. Be careful not to disturb the crown in late winter when it may not be readily seen!

This plant does best in partial shade to shade. It prefers to grow in average to moist conditions, and shouldn't be allowed to dry out. It is not particular as to soil type or pH. It is somewhat tolerant of urban pollution. This particular variety is an interspecific hybrid. It can be propagated by division; however, as a cultivated variety, be aware that it may be subject to certain restrictions or prohibitions on propagation.